$(\mathbf{u} + u_k)G_0(u), \quad (\lambda = \prod_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k)G_0(u), \quad K_n^{(r)}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})$ $(\mathbf{u} + u_k)G_0(u), \quad (\lambda = (\mu - \mu_0)(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}) = 0$

The Science of Blogging

How to engineer contagious ideas.



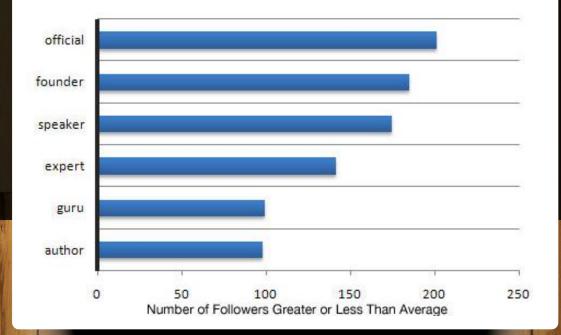
Dan Zarrella Social Media Scientist

#BlogSci

Unicorns and Rainbows

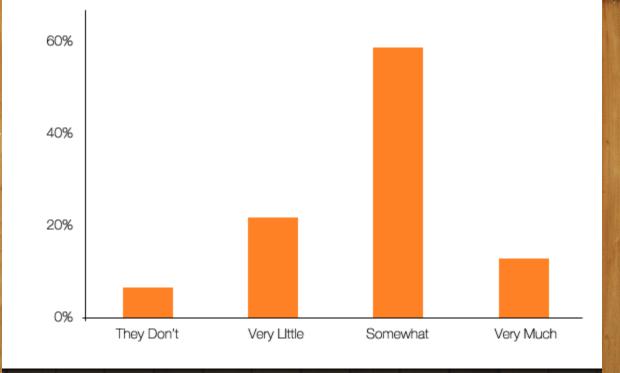
Unicorns & Rainbows Myth: Don't call yourself a guru.

Science:

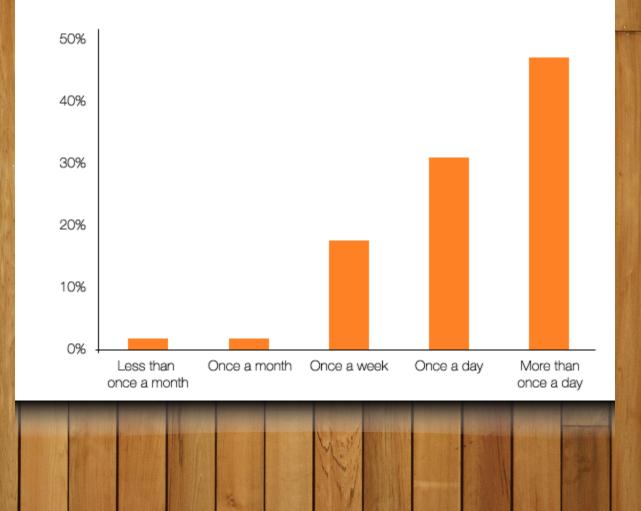


$(\mathbf{y}) =$ O(u) $(u - u_k) \cup_0(u),$ $\mathbf{K}_{n}^{(r)}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x})$ k=1 $\left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \Phi}\right) = 0$ $(u + u_k)G_0(u), \ (\lambda$ $\vdash (\mu - \mu_0)$ Why Blog?

How much do blogs affect your purchasing descisions?



How often do you read blogs?





Takeaway: If you're not blogging, you're doing something wrong.

$(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^$

Content

$\sum_{\substack{i,j \neq p \\ i,j \neq p}} G(u) = G(u) = \frac{1}{i,j \neq p}$ $\sum_{\substack{i,j \neq p \\ i+k}} \left[\frac{1}{k} + \frac{1}{k} + \frac{1}{k} \right]^{T} V_{k}^{+} \mathbb{Q}_{n+k}$ $= \Re[p^{n}] = \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p \\ j=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{1}{k} \sum_{\substack{i=0,j \neq p}} A_{j}p^{i} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{$

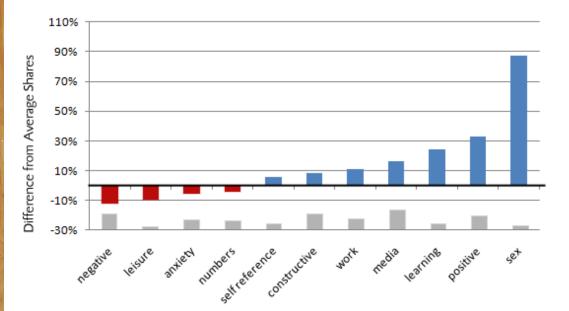
 $(\lambda - \lambda_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \lambda} \right)_0 + (\mu - \mu_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu} \right)_0 = 0$



Zombies

Marketing

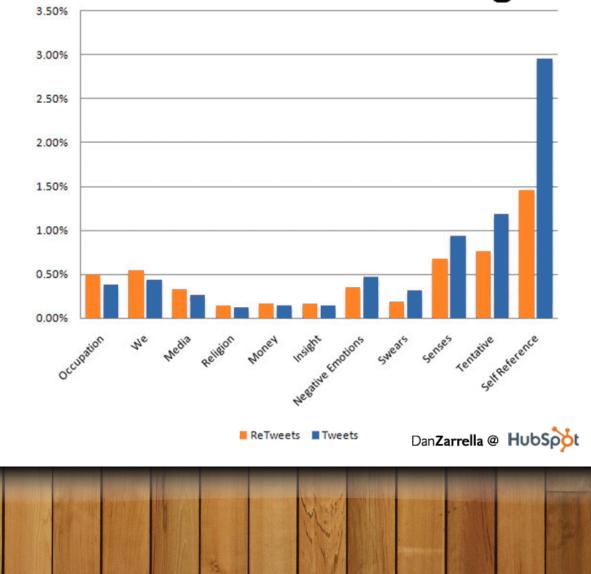
Effect of Linguistic Content on Facebook Sharing



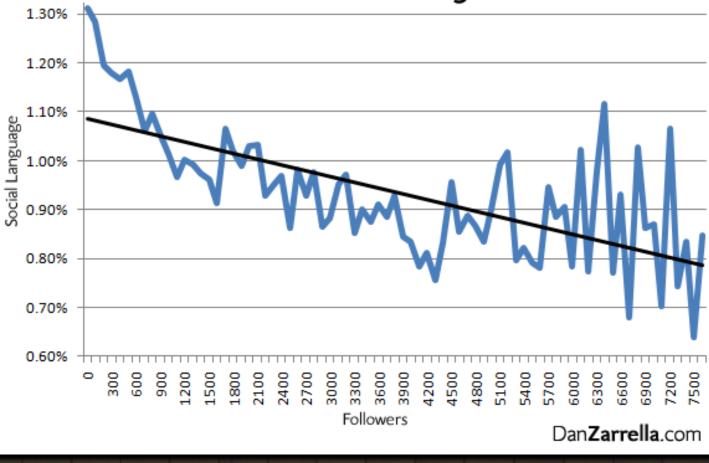


Takeaway: Sex and positivity sell.

LIWC Attribute Percentages



Self-Reference by Followers



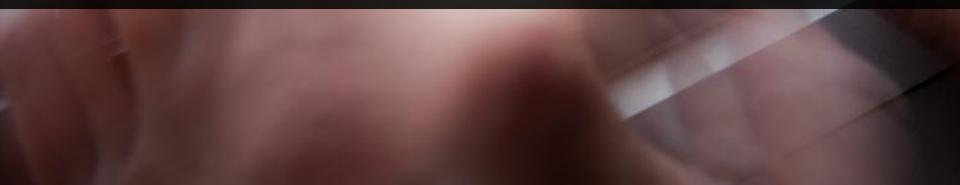


Insights & Opinions

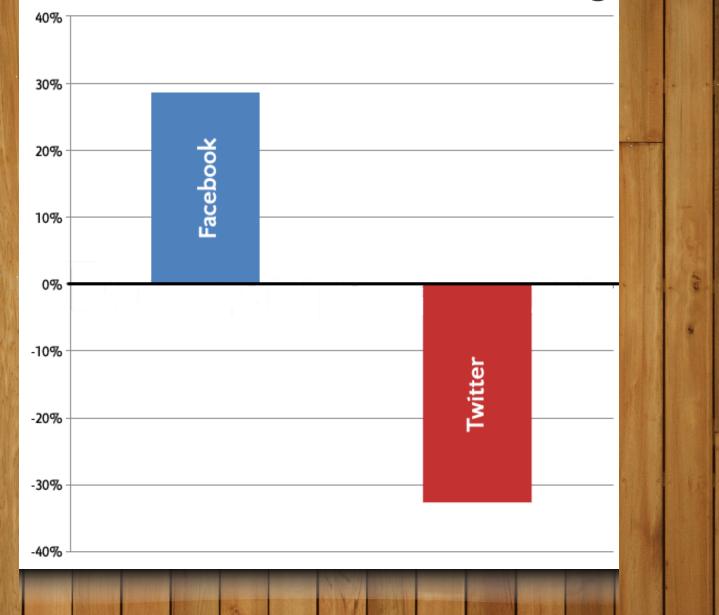




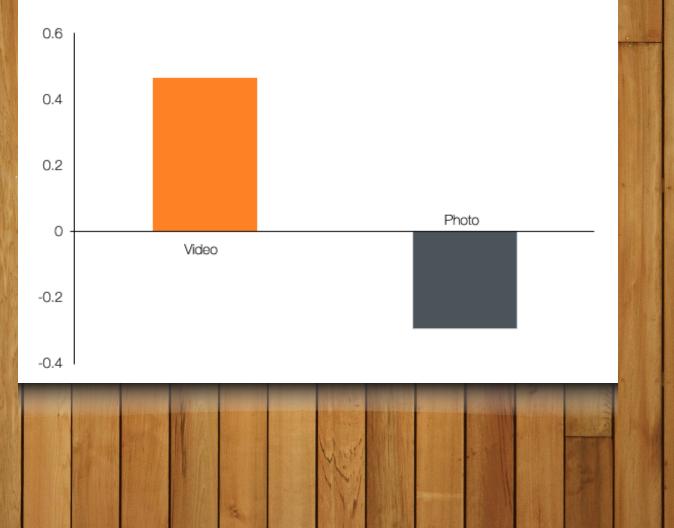
Takeaway: Talk as yourself, not about yourself.

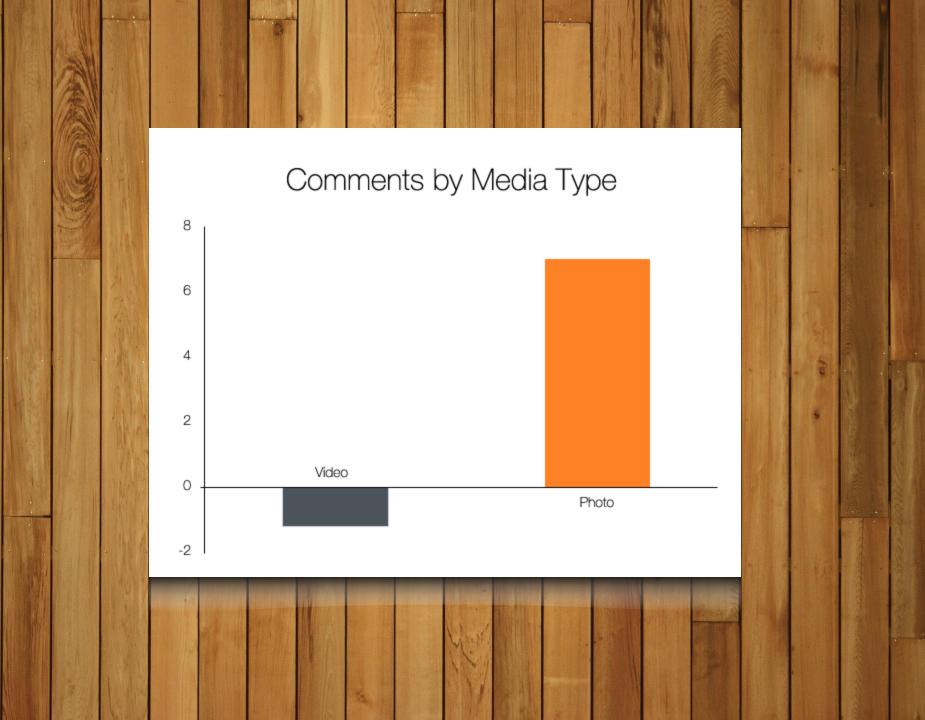


Effect of the Word **Video** on Sharing



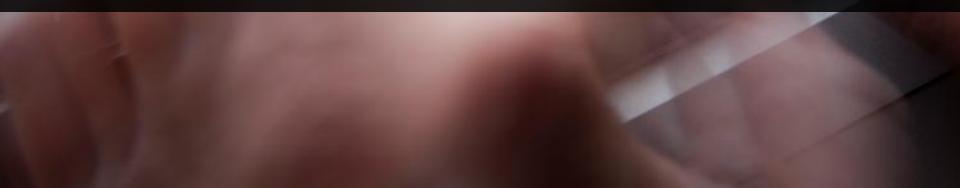
Links by Media Type







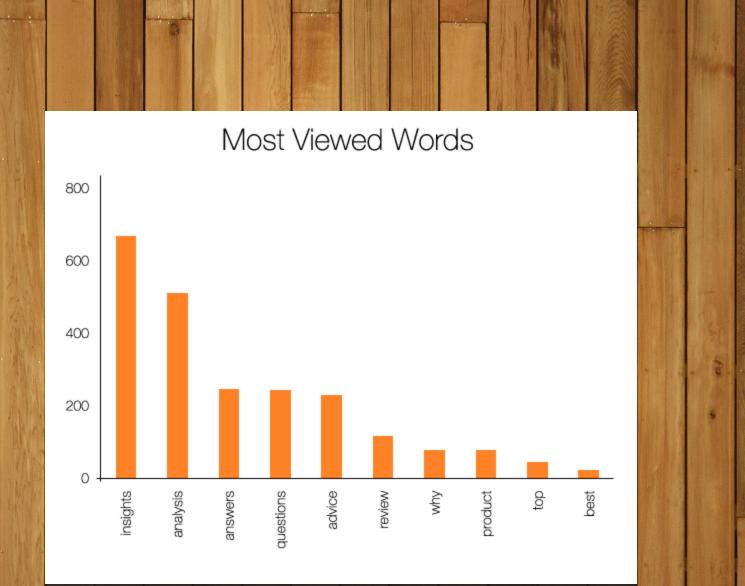
Takeaway: Videos get links, photos get comments.



$(\mathbf{y}) =$ O(u) $(u + u_k) \cup_0(u),$ $\mathbf{K}_{n}^{(r)}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x})$ k=1 $\left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \Phi}\right) = 0$ $\int (u + u_k) G_0(u), \ (\lambda$ $-\mu_0$ Trigger Words

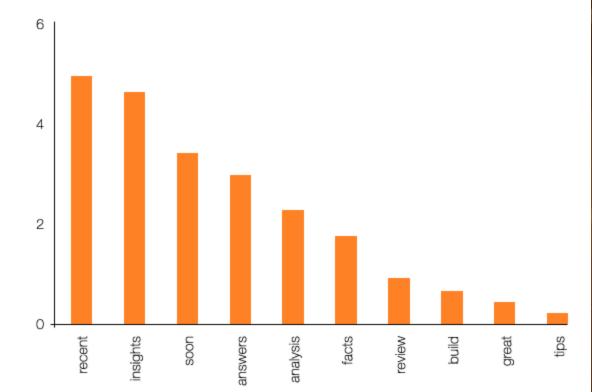
 $1 - \lambda_0 \Big) \Big(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \lambda} \Big)_0 + (\mu - \mu_0) \Big(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu} \Big)_0 = 0$







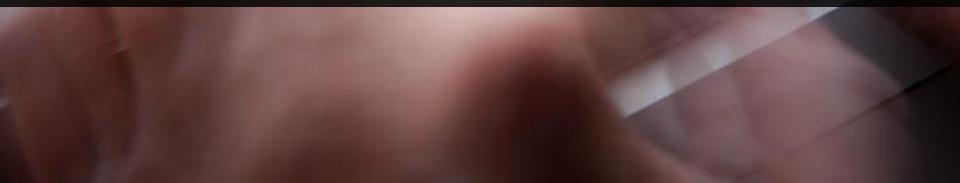
Most Linked-To Words



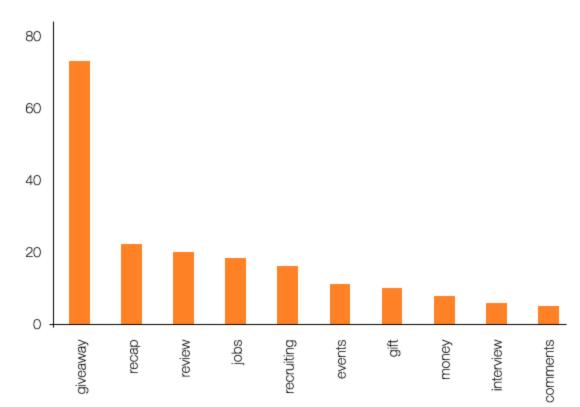




Takeaway: People want to read your unique point-ofview.



Most Commented-On Words







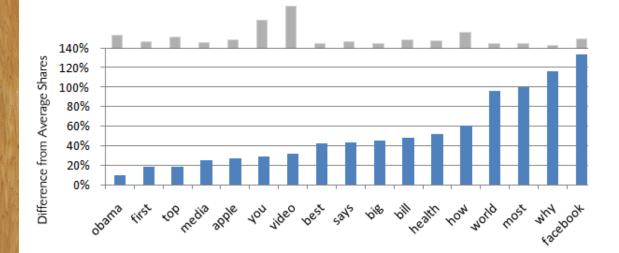
Takeaway: Users comment when there is something in it for them.

ost ReTweetable Words

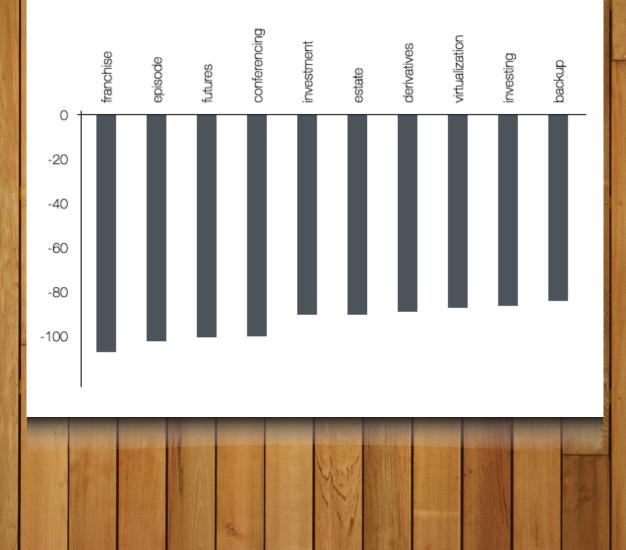
you 1. 2. twitter 3. please 4. retweet 5. post blog 6. 7. social 8. free 9. media 10. help

11. please retweet 12. great 13. social media 14.10 15. follow 16. how to 17. top 18. blog post 19. check out 20. new blog post

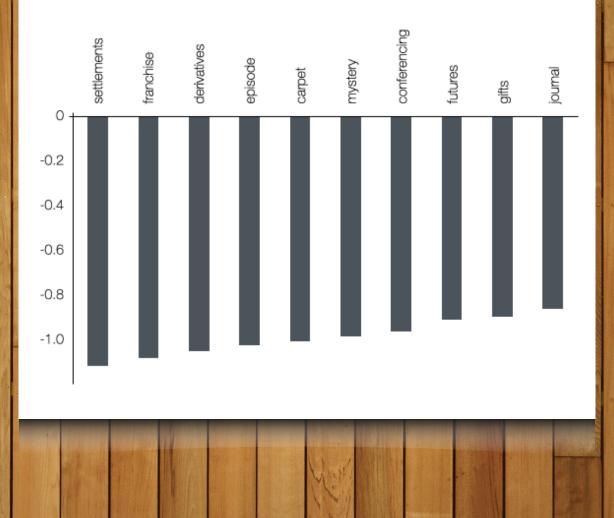
Most Shareable Words



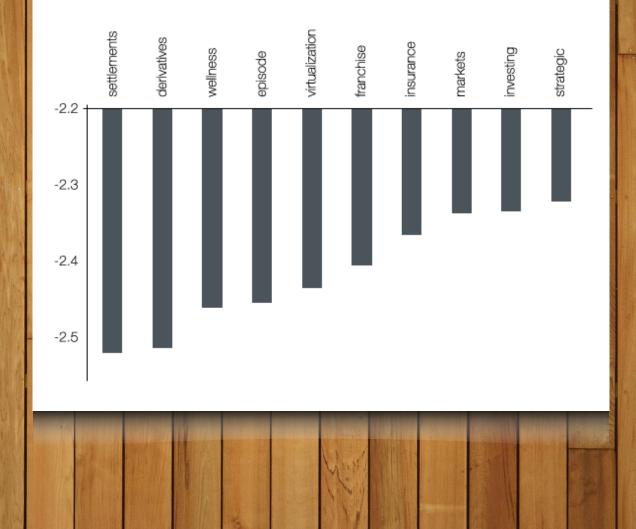
Least Viewed Words



Least Linked-To Words



Least Commented-On Words





Takeaway: Stay away from overly technical jargon.

Least ReTweetable Words

game going haha 0 but watching work home night bed

well sleep gonna hey tomorrow tired some back bored 20. listening

Least Shareable Words is apps review down poll same yort wither social time phone poole 0% Difference from Average Shares -5% -10% -15% -20% -25% -30% -35% -40% -45% -50%

Takeaway: Don't be boring.

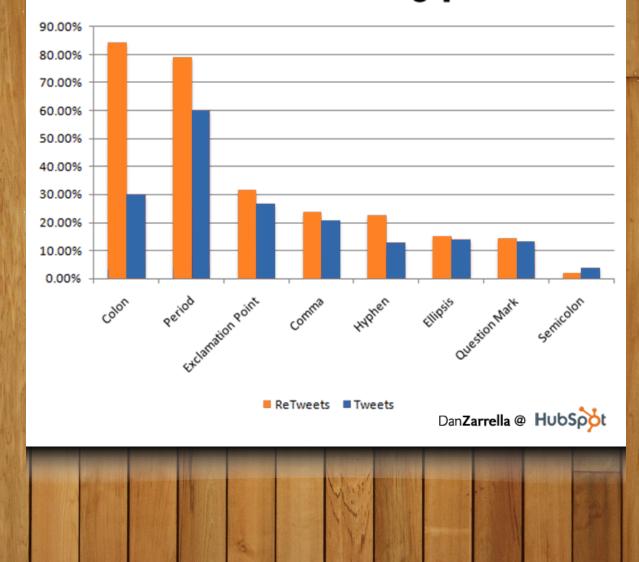
$(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(u + u_k) G_0(u), \quad (\lambda + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(\mu - \mu_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}\right) = 0$

Grammar

 $\sum_{k=1}^{n} \left[p^{n} \right] = \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j} \rho^{j} \cos\left[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j} \right]$ $\pi k \leq p\theta - \alpha_{0} \leq \pi/2 + 2\pi k,$ $\mu = 2 \mathscr{V}_{0} - \mu = 2 \mathscr{V}_{0} - \mu$

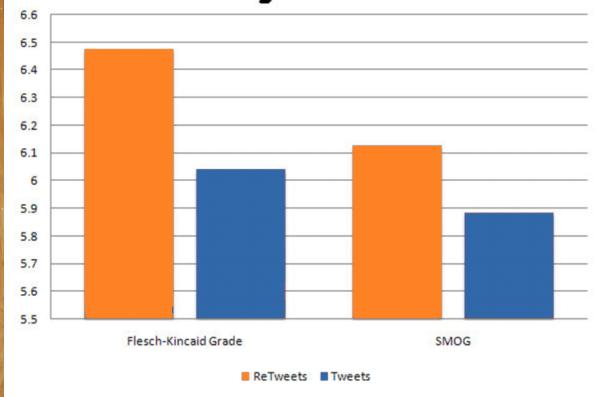
Content Quality

Punctuation Type



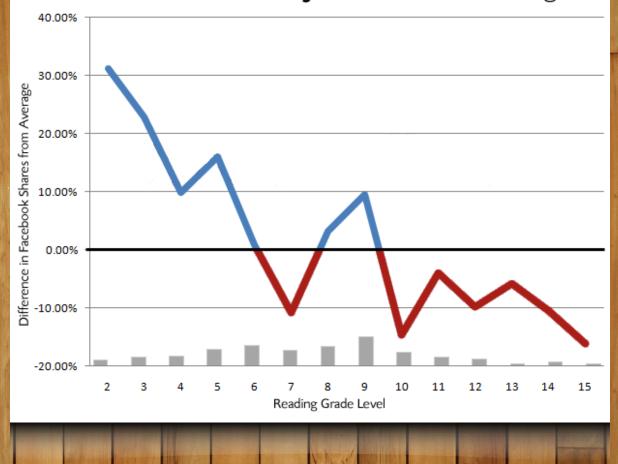
Takeaway: Grammar matters.

Readability Grade Levels

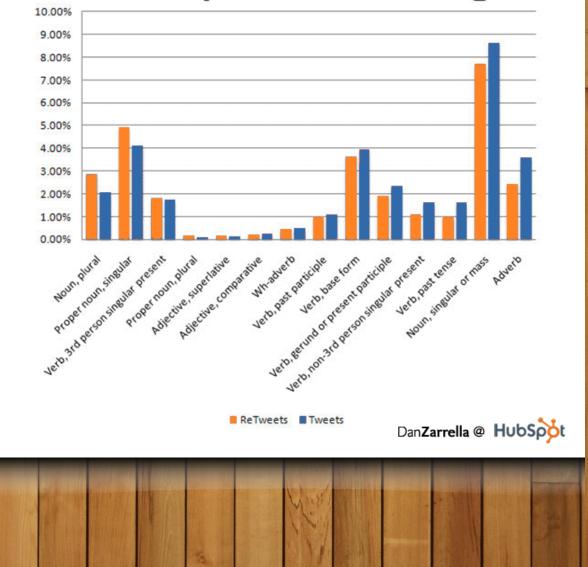


DanZarrella @ HubSpot

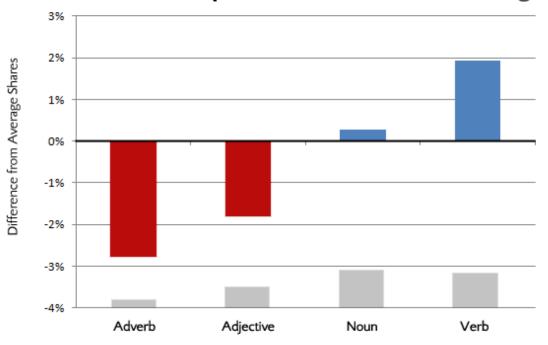
Effect of **Readability** on Facebook Sharing



Part-of-Speech Percentages

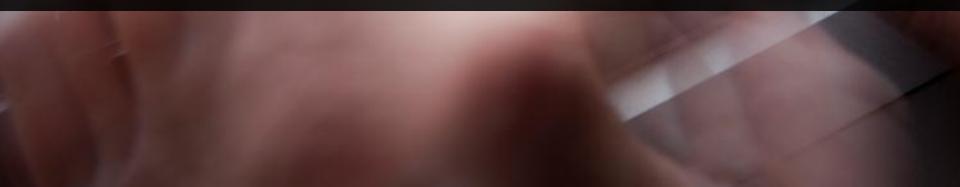


Effect of Part-of-Speech on Facebook Sharing





Takeaway: Write simply and plainly.



$(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(\lambda + u_k) G_0(u), \quad (\lambda + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(\mu - \mu_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}\right) = 0$

Novelty vs Social Proof



iPad Sales Top 3 Million



APPLE Apple has announced that it's sold 3 million iPads — less than three months since the device hit stores. In a statement, Apple CEO Steve Jobs said: "People are loving iPad as it becomes a part of their daily lives. We're working hard to get this magical product into the hands of even more people around the world, including those in nine more countries next month."



f Share

It would appear that iPad sales aren't slowing down at all since launch — in fact, they might...

55 Comments

iPad Sales Abysmal



APPLE Apple has announced that it's sold 3 million iPads — less than three months since the device hit stores. In a statement, Apple CEO Steve Jobs said: "People are loving iPad as it becomes a part of their daily lives. We're working hard to get this magical product into the hands of even more people around the world, including those in nine more countries next month."

10 tweets

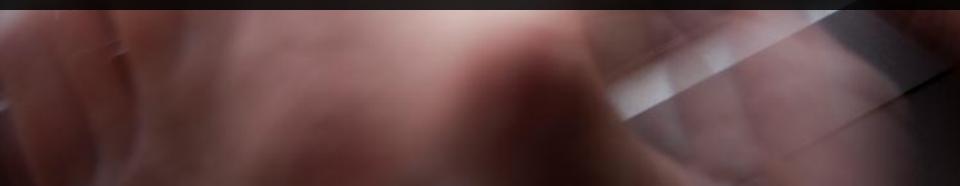


It would appear that iPad sales aren't slowing down at all since launch — in fact, they might...

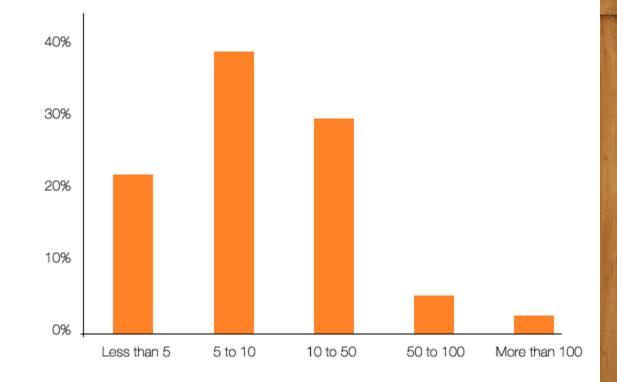




Takeaway: Use social proof to establish trust.



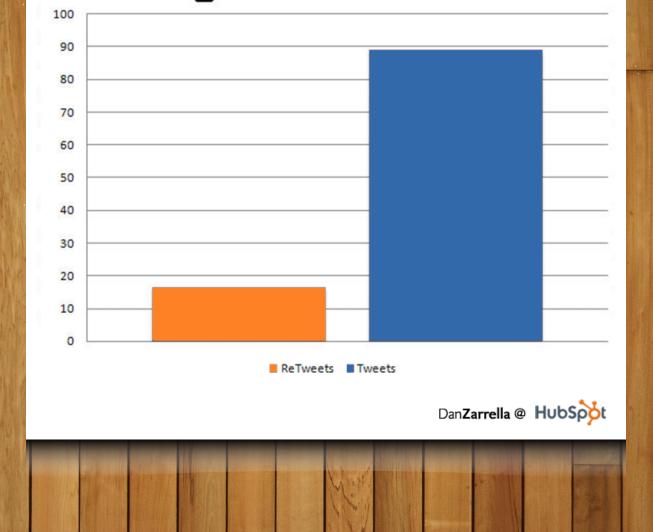
How many blogs do you read?





Novelty

Average Word Occurrence





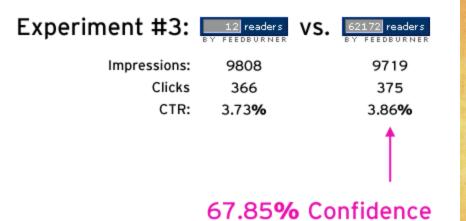
Takeaway: Don't say the same thing everyone else is saying.

Experiment #1: 0 tweet vs. 776 tweets vs. retweet Impressions: 4141 4177 Clicks 18 8 CTR: .43% .19% 97.63% Confidence

Experiment #2:	15 tweets retweet	vs.	776 tweets
Impressions:	6180		6431
Clicks	23		21
CTR:	.37 %		.33%
	1		
66.78 %	Confi	denc	e







Experiment #4:	0 readers BY FEEDBURNER	vs.	62172 readers BY FEEDBURNER
Impressions:	8130		8245
Clicks	355		367
CTR:	4.37 %		4.45 %
			1

60.40% Confidence





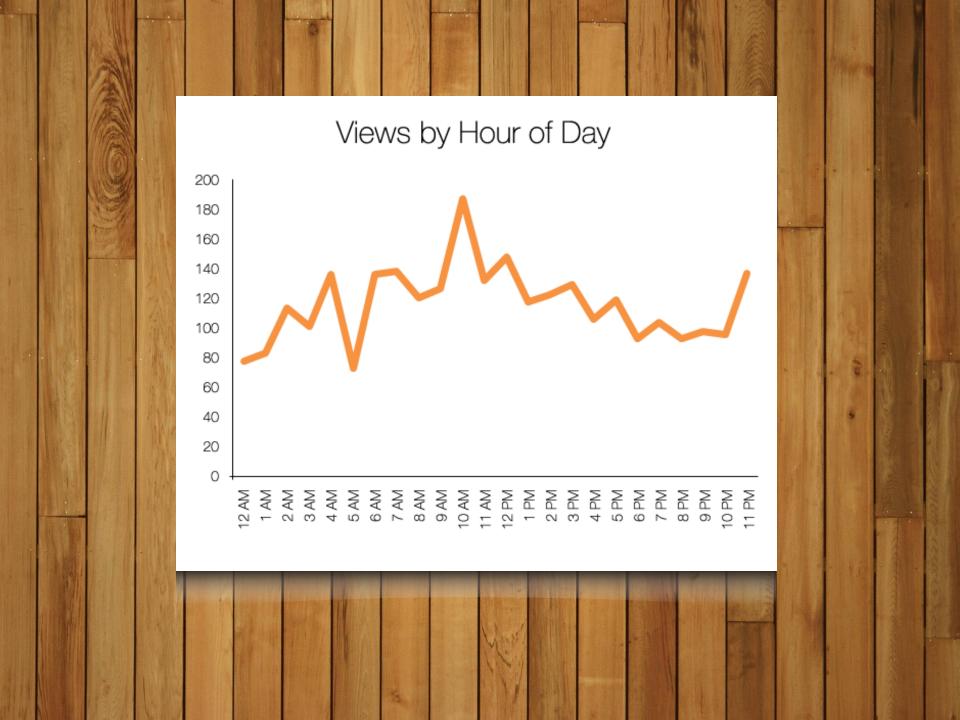
$(x, y) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} G(u) - \prod_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(u + u_k) G_0(u), (\lambda) + (\mu - \mu_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}\right) = 0$ $(1 + u_k) G_0(u), (\lambda) + (\mu - \mu_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}\right) = 0$ $(1 + u_k) G_0(u), (\lambda) + (\mu - \mu_0) \left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}\right) = 0$

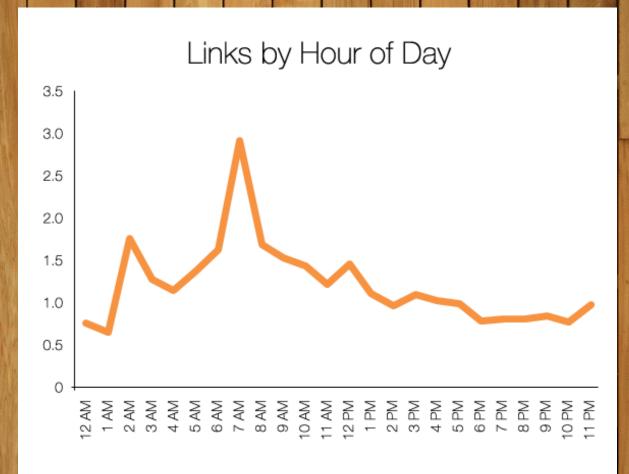
Timing

 $\sum_{\substack{i,j \neq p \\ i \neq p}} TV_{k}^{\dagger} Q_{n+k} + k(\mathbf{x}) TV_{k}^{\dagger} Q_{n+k}$ $\sum_{i=1}^{n} R[\rho^{n}] = \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j} \cos[(p-j)\theta - \alpha_{j}] + \frac{\pi k}{2} \sum_{j=0, j \neq p}^{n} A_{j}\rho^{j$

When do you read blogs?





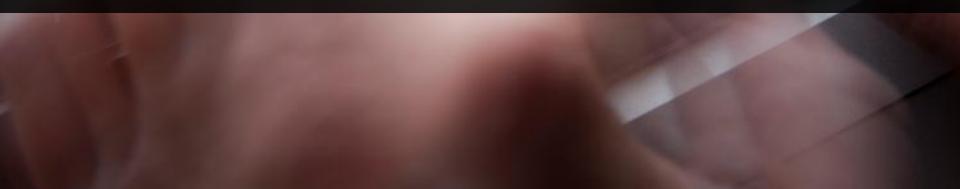




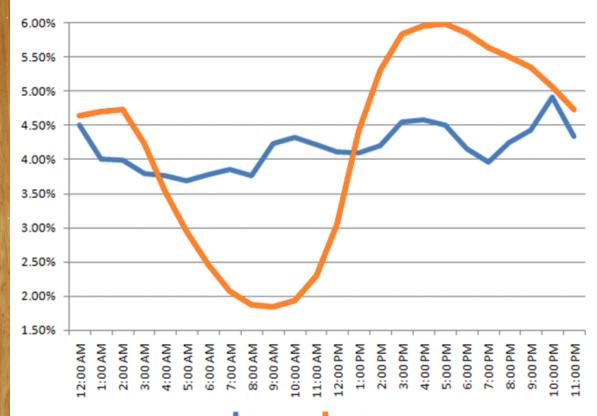




Takeaway: Publish your blog posts early in the day.



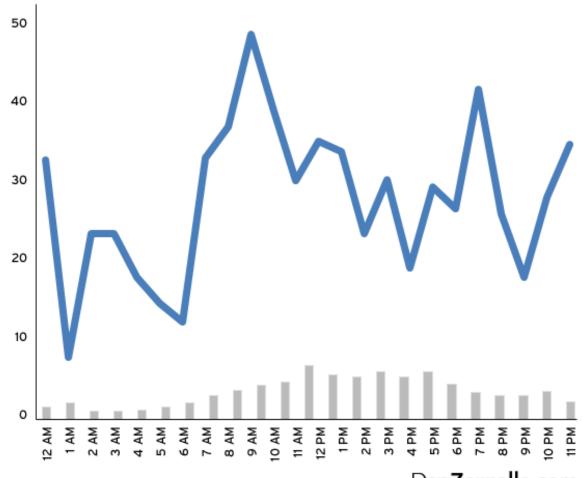
Time of Day (EST)



Tweets ReTweets

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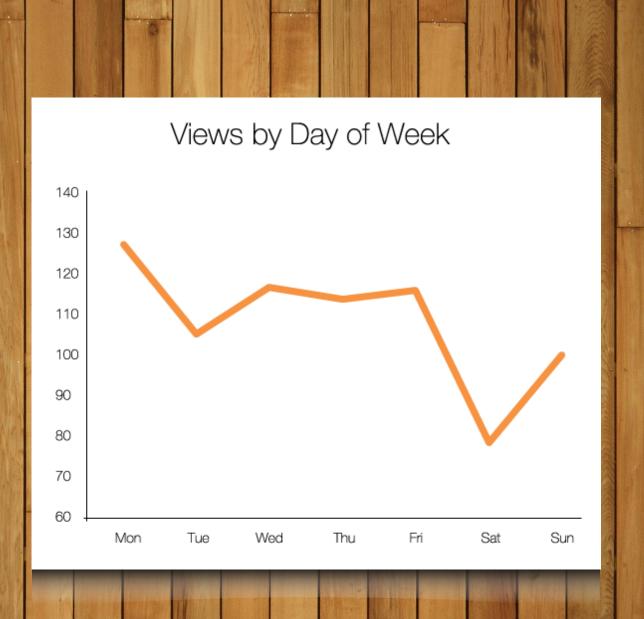


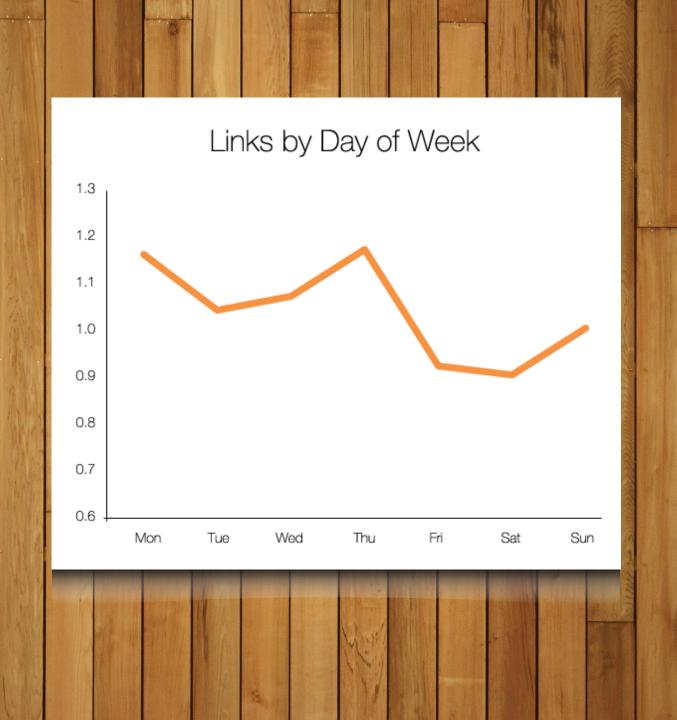


Dan**Zarrella**.com



Takeaway: Share your posts on social media later in the day.

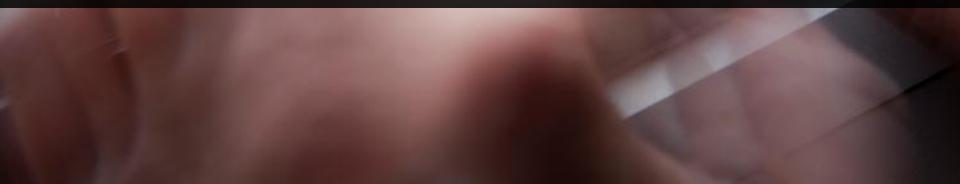








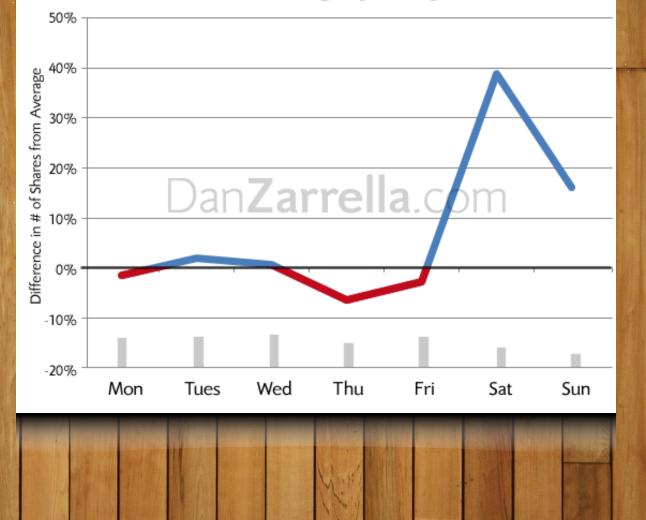
Takeaway: Post early in the week for views and links, on weekends for comments.



Day of Week

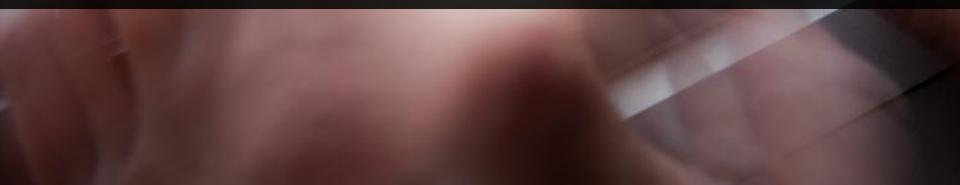








Takeaway: Share your posts in social media later in the week and on weekends.

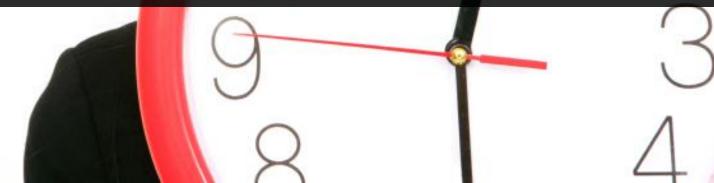


$(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k) \mathcal{O}_0(u), \qquad \mathbf{x}_i - \mathcal{Y}_i \qquad \mathbf{x}_i - \mathcal{Y}_$

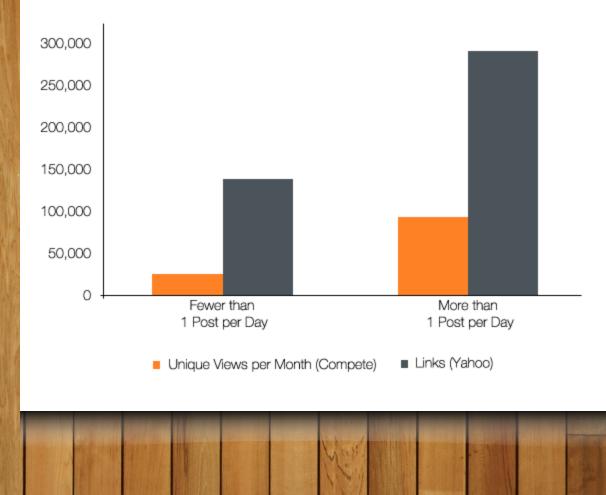
Frequency

 $\frac{2\pi k \leq p0 - \alpha_0}{(\lambda - \lambda_0)\left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \lambda}\right) + (\mu - \mu_0)\left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \mu}\right) = 0} \leq \pi/2 + 2\pi k,$ $p = 2\mathscr{V}_0 - p$

Timeliness



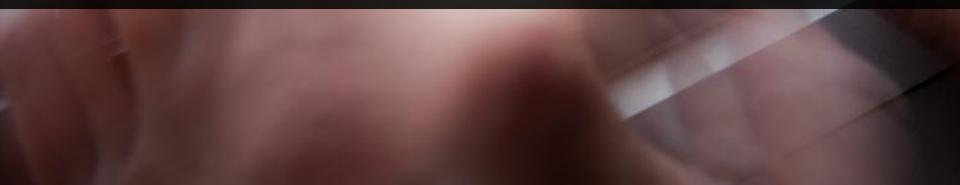
Links and Traffic by Posting Frequency







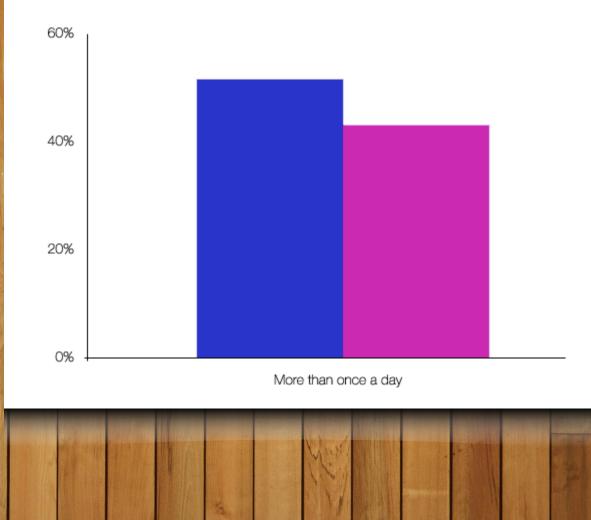
Takeaway: The more often you post, the better.



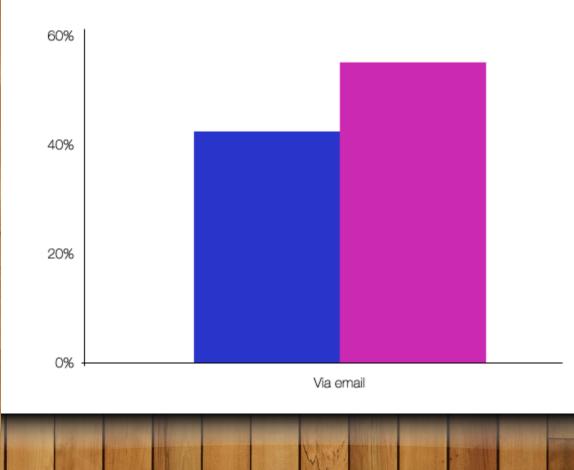
$(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} (u + u_k) G_0(u),$ $(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^$

Gender Differences

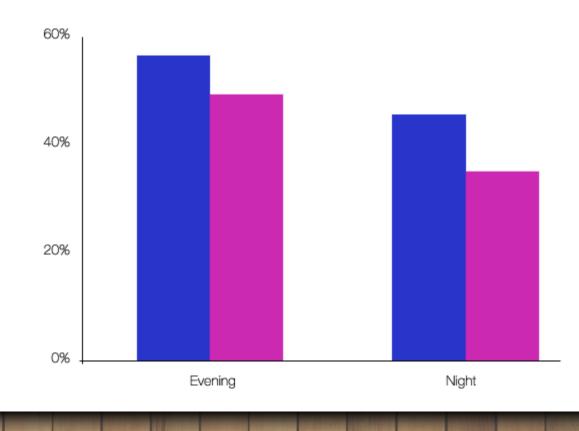
Men vs Women: Blog Reading Frequency



Men vs Women: How do you read blogs?

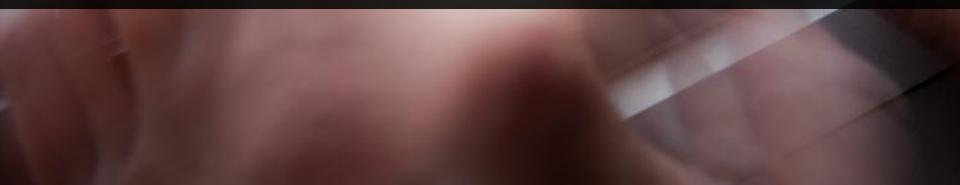


Men vs Women: Reading Blogs at Night





Takeaway: Know your audience.

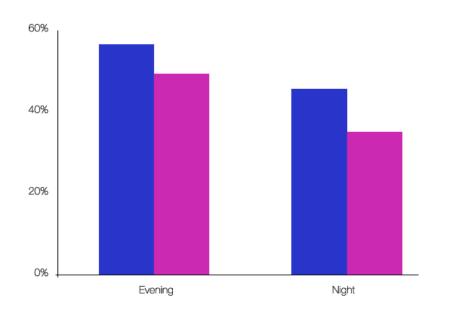


$(\mathbf{y}) =$ O(u) $\prod (u - u_k) \cup O(u),$ $\mathbf{K}_{n}^{(r)}(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{x})$ k=1 y_i $\left(\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \Phi}\right) = 0$ $-\mu_0$ $[(u + u_k)G_0(u), (\lambda$ - (μ ROI

If it don't make CORTS,

it don't make Sense

Men vs Women: Reading Blogs at Night



I also asked survey takers when they read blogs and I found that 56% of men report reading blogs in the "evening" and 45% at "night." On the other hand, only 49% of women say they read in the evening and only 35% read them at night.

How do your own habits compare to these results?



COMMENTS

I'm a woman (obv) and usually subscribe to USEFUL blogs via email so I get the latest updates into my inbox. I usually read them later in the evening as I'm busy with the kids until then. I also Like some on Facebook so that I have the latest info but don't often check them that way - so email is

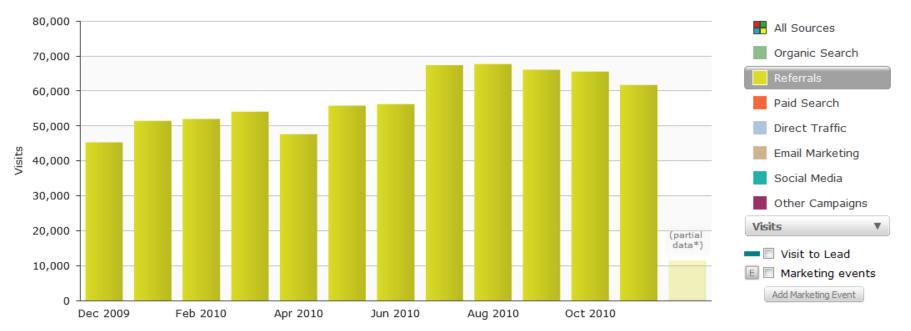
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Blog Reading Behavior 19 people shared this. A Marketer's Guide to Tracking Online Campaigns 10 people shared this.		
Online Campaigns 10 people shared this.		
Button		
oo poopie shared this.		LinkedIn Releases Offical Share Button 56 people shared this.



Visits for Referrals

See how different sources have driven visits, leads, and customers to your site





Totals for Dec 1, 2009 - Dec 6, 2010

	REFERRER	VISITS	VISIT TO LEAD	LEADS	LEAD TO CUSTOMER	CUSTOMERS	VISIT TO CUSTOMER	VISITS
	websitegrader.com	267,898	8.1%	21.822	.72%	157	.059%	
<	blog.hubspot.com	239,804	7.7%	18,457	.53%	98	.041%	>
	webinar.hubteam.com	11,654	.043%	5	0%	0	0%	-
		11,001	.01370	3	0.0	0	0.70	-
	twitter.grader.com	11,492		2,569	.35%	9	.078%	

					\bigwedge		
REFERRING LINK	VISITS	VISIT TO LEAD	LEADS	LEAD TO CUSTOMER	CUSTOMERS	VISIT TO CUSTOMER	VISITS
Ange (Marg) (Angers, and	22,778	1.5%	346	.58%	2	.0088%	
	6,877	16%	1,077	0%	0	0%	
And the second sec	2,481	8.3%	205	.49%	1	.04%	-
the second s	2,316	21%	476	0%	0	0%	-
	2,266	15%	332	0%	0	0%	-
	2,035	19%	384	0%	0	0%	-
Control of the second s Second second secon second second sec	1,953	18%	346	.29%	1	.051%	-
and the set of the set of the set of the set	1,927	10%	196	0%	0	0%	-
strengther that we had a result of the strength of the	1,648	17%	278	.36%	1	.061%	-
NAMES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS.	1,611	5.5%	89	1.1%	1	.062%	-
	1,387	13%	177	.56%	1	.072%	-
The long many constant and the local sectors where the	1,290	16%	209	0%	0	0%	-
	1,280	6.8%	87	0%	0	0%	-
A second s	1,236	.57%	7	0%	0	0%	-
And the second sec	1,160	21%	246	0%	0	0%	-
Contraction of the second s	1,067	21%	219	0%		0%	

Dan Zarrella @DanZarrella

Annual of the Medican



