



OVERVIEW

DoS vs DDoS

Most commonly associated with websites, denial-of-service (DoS) or distributed denial-of-service (DDoS) attacks can temporarily slow or stop business operations for an unprepared organization. These can be simplistic volumetric attacks that flood the capacity of a website or more complex attacks that <u>use bots and reflection-amplification techniques to achieve similar ends</u>. Even more sophisticated attacks involve crafting payloads which exhaust or crash specific services that <u>don't require massive volume to exploit</u>. However, volume usually helps the efficacy of these attacks, so they may also be "distributed."

If a business relies on their website to make money, this threat is obvious. However, protocols other than HTTP/S may be vulnerable - telecoms or even smaller companies that run their own publicly accessible DNS servers may be <u>vulnerable to attacks</u>, and since DNS underpins most of the modern internet, the effects can be severe. The <u>2016 attack on DNS provider Dyn</u>, which knocked 14,000 websites offline, is a prime example of this type of incident.

BEST PRACTICE

System Interruption

Resilience's Cyber Meteorology Framework models cyber risk trends and helps companies stay up-to-date with current best practices and mitigation guidance. The DDoS-related systems interruption model recommends that organizations do the following to prevent and mitigate these attacks:

- Serve applications and website from Content Delivery Networks (CDN) where possible
- 2. Build applications on Infrastructure-as-a-Service (laaS) or hosting platforms that offer managed DDoS protection
- 3. Deploy web application firewalls and other solutions that can protect both on-premises and cloud-based applications

INSURANCE

Business Interruption

Coverage for DDOS attacks can provide both first-party and third-party protection. This means that if you're hit with a DDOS attack or if a third party claims you could have done more to prevent a DDOS attack, you are covered. Speak to your broker to learn more.

Example Claim

National luxury goods retailer suffers a DDOS attack that brings down its e-retail website for three days during the holiday season, making online shopping impossible.

