



Provider Checklist-Outpatient -Imaging

Checklist: Computed Tomography (CT) Abdomen (CPT Code: 74150, 74160, 74170)

All Indications [*One has to be present]

*Suspected complication post cholecystectomy [All have to be present]

Abdominal/back pain
Findings [One has to be present]

Abdominal distention/ileus
Jaundice
Temperature > 100.4 F(38.0 C)
Direct bilirubin and alkaline phosphatase > normal

T-tube cholangiogram [One has to be present]

Nondiagnostic for etiology of Sx/findings T-tube not present

*Painless jaundice [**Both have to be present**]

Total bilirubin > normal Alkaline phosphatase > normal

*Suspected acute pancreatitis [All have to be present]

Abdominal pain Abdominal tenderness Abnormal lab [One has to be present]

> Amylase > normal Lipase > normal

*Suspected pancreatic pseudocyst [All have to be present]

Pancreatitis by Hx [One has to be present]

Acute pancreatitis with onset ≥ 2 wks Chronic pancreatitis





Pancreatitis secondary to trauma

Abdominal/back pain
Findings by PE [One has to be present]

Abdominal tenderness Abdominal mass

*Evaluation of known pancreatic pseudocyst [**One has to be present**]

Periodic evaluation for change in size New/worsening Sx/findings [**One has to be present**]

Abdominal/back pain
Vomiting
Weight loss by Hx/PE
Temperature > 100.4 F(38.0 C)
WBC > 10,000/cu.mm(10x109/L)
Hemodynamic instability ◆ [One has to be present]

- -1 Systolic BP < 100 mmHg
- -2 Decrease in systolic BP ≥ 30 mmHg from baseline
- -3 Shock by PE
- -4 Orthostatic changes [One has to be present]
 - A) Decrease in systolic BP ≥ 20 mmHg
 - B) Decrease in diastolic BP ≥ 10 mmHg
 - C) Increase in heart rate $\geq 20/\min$

Abdominal tenderness
Direct bilirubin and alkaline phosphatase > normal

*Acute pancreatitis with complication [All have to be present]

Abdominal pain
Lab finding [One has to be present]

Amylase > normal Lipase > normal

Associated complication [One has to be present]





Findings by PE [One has to be present]

- -1 Hemodynamic instability ◆ [One has to be present]
 - A) Systolic BP < 100 mmHg
 - B) Decrease in systolic BP ≥ 30 mmHg from baseline
 - C) Shock by PE
 - D) Orthostatic changes [One has to be present]
 - 1) Decrease in systolic BP ≥ 20 mmHg
 - 2) Decrease in diastolic BP ≥ 10 mmHg
 - 3) Increase in heart rate ≥ 20/min
- -2 Temperature > 100.4 F(38.0 C)
- -3 Rebound tenderness ♦

Lab finding [One has to be present]

- -1 Hct decrease ≥ 6% w/in 4 hrs ♦
- -2 Po2 < 60 mmHg(8.0 kPa) on RA ♦
- -3 Creatinine > $3.0 \text{ mg/dL}(265 \mu\text{mol/L})$
- -4 Blood culture positive
- -5 WBC > 14,000/cu.mm(14x109/L) or < 5,000/cu.mm(5x109/L)
- -6 Ca < 8 mg/dL(2.00 mmol/dL) ◆
- -7 Glucose > 220 mg/dL(12.21 mmol/L)
- -8 Persistently elevated/increasing LFTs ≥ 24 hrs

*Continued acute pancreatitis after Rx [All have to be present]

Symptoms [**One has to be present**]

Abdominal pain Vomiting with attempted oral intake

Lab findings [One has to be present]

Amylase > normal Lipase > normal

Therapy [All have to be present]

 $NPO \ge 5 \text{ days}$





Analgesic ≥ 5 days IV fluids ≥ 5 days

- *Pancreatic mass by US
- *Liver mass by US
- *Suspected pheochromocytoma [One has to be present]

24 hr urine [One has to be present]

1011 VMA/metanephrine > normal 1012 Total catecholamines > normal

Plasma catecholamine > normal

*Suspected adrenal cortical tumor (cortisol secreting) [All have to be present]

24 hr urine free cortisol > normal No suppression by low-dose dexamethasone No suppression by high-dose dexamethasone

*Suspected aldosterone-producing adrenal tumor/bilateral adrenal hyperplasia [All have to be present]

Aldosterone > normal
Plasma renin < normal
Contributory conditions excluded
Medications deemed noncontributory

*Periodic assessment of adrenal mass [All have to be present]

Nonfunctioning mass Size [One has to be present]

≤ 4 cm

> 4 cm and ≤ 6 cm and no surgery planned

Periodic assessment [One has to be present]

12 wks after initial Dx Every 6 mos after initial Dx





*Known splenomegaly with new/worsening LUQ pain ◆