



# **Provider Checklist-Outpatient – Imaging**

## Checklist: Ultrasound-Pelvis (CPT Code: 76857)

## All Indications [\*One has to be present]

\*Adnexal/pelvic mass by PE/KUB [One has to be present]

Newly discovered Enlarging since last evaluation

\*Suspected pelvic abscess [Both have to be present]

Pelvic pain > 24 hrs by Hx Findings [**Two have to be present**]

> Rebound tenderness Temperature > 100.4 F (38.0 C) WBC > 12,000/cu.mm (12x109/L)

\*Acute abdominal/pelvic pain, unknown etiology [All have to be present]

Premenopausal woman Lower abdominal tenderness Pelvic examination nondiagnostic for etiology of pain U/A or urine culture normal Cervical cultures [Both]

> Gonorrhea test negative No chlamydia by DNA/antibody testing

\*Chronic pelvic pain, unknown etiology [All have to be present]

Hx & PE nondiagnostic for etiology of pain CBC normal U/A or urine culture normal Continued pain after Rx [**One has to be present**]

> $NSAID \ge 4 \text{ wks}$ Depot medroxyprogesterone/OCP (Oral Cholecystogram)  $\ge 8 \text{ wks}$ GnRH agonist  $\ge 8 \text{ wks}$





#### Abx Rx x1 course

## \*Suspected ectopic pregnancy [Both have to be present]

#### Findings [One has to be present]

Abdominal/pelvic pain Abnormal vaginal bleeding Adnexal mass/tenderness by PE Abnormal increase/lack of increase in quantitative HCG levels

HCG positive

#### \*Suspected PID/tubo-ovarian abscess [All have to be present]

Lower abdominal pain Cervical motion tenderness Adnexal tenderness HCG negative Findings [**One has to be present**]

> Temperature > 100.4 F(38.0 C) WBC  $\ge$  12,000/cu.mm(12x109/L) ESR  $\ge$  15 mm/hr Purulent material by culdocentesis Gonorrhea test positive Chlamydia by DNA/antibody testing > 5 WBCs per oil immersion field by Gram stain of endocervical smear

\*Suspected ovarian cyst rupture 

[Both have to be present]

Sudden onset lower abdominal pain by Abdominal tenderness/rebound

#### \*Fibroids [One has to be present]

Initial assessment of uterine enlargement by PE Known fibroids [**One has to be present**]

> Uterus enlarging by PE New onset abnormal bleeding Tender fibroid by PE (recent onset)

\*DUB in premenopausal woman [All have to be present]





910 Abnormal bleeding > 3 cycles920 Vagina and cervix normal by PE930 Continued abnormal bleeding after progestin/OCP x3 consecutive cycles

#### \*Postmenopausal bleeding [One has to be present]

No HRT (Hormone Replacement Therapy) Daily HRT ≥ 6 mos Cyclic HRT ≥ 6 mos

\*Assessment of follicle function with infertility [All have to be present]

Inability to become pregnant [One has to be present]

Age < 30 with inability to become pregnant > 1 yr Age  $\ge$  30 with inability to become pregnant > 6 mos

Hx & PE normal Male partner with normal sperm count and analysis BBT (Basal Body Temperature) evaluation ≥ 12 wks Ovulation confirmed by midluteal serum progesterone/endometrial Bx TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) normal

#### \*"Lost" IUD [All have to be present]

Sx/findings [One has to be present]

Patient desires removal of IUD Pelvic pain PID (Pelvic Inflammatory Disease) Failed removal during pelvic exam KUB (Kidney, Ureter, Bladder (Abdominal Plain Film)) nondiagnostic for location of IUD

\*Cryptorchidism