

Inputs:

WL := 5 psf (wind load)
 P := 200 lb (point load)
 W_h := 4.17 pli (horizontal uniform load)
 W_v := 0 pli (vertical uniform load)
 h := 38 in (height of rail)
 w := 36 in (minimum glass lite width)*
 t := 0.469 in (glass equivalent thickness)
 F_g := 6000 psi (glass allowable bending stress)
 F_{gw} := 6000 psi (glass allowable bending stress WL)
 E_g := 10400000 psi glass modulus of elasticity
 S := 12 in (fastener spacing)

Stand Alone Glass Balustrade (with Base Shoe)	Detail Ref. A42-0091	Sheet No: 2
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Use 1/2" Glass, Fully Tempered
with polished edges
Minimum Glass Lite Width: 3'-0" *

**Note: narrower widths may be equivalent to the minimum glass width, if a top channel or handrail is present to transfer the live loads to the adjacent lites.*

Calculations:

$$I_{g1} := \frac{\min(h, w) \cdot t^3}{12} = 0.309 \text{ in}^4 \quad S_{g1} := \frac{\min(h, w) \cdot t^2}{6} = 1.320 \text{ in}^3$$

$$I_{g2} := \frac{S \cdot t^3}{12} = 0.103 \text{ in}^4 \quad S_{g2} := \frac{S \cdot t^2}{6} = 0.440 \text{ in}^3$$

Point Load:

M_{g1} := P · h = 7600 in-lb
 $f_{g1} := \frac{M_{g1}}{S_{g1}} = 5759 \text{ psi}$
 $\Delta_{g1} := \frac{P \cdot h^3}{3 \cdot E_g \cdot I_{g1}} = 1.137 \text{ in}$

NOTE: Under full design load, the rail will deflect about 1-3/16", this is acceptable per ASTM E2358 deflection limits. Customer please verify the deflection is acceptable.

Uniform Load:

$\Delta_{g2} := \frac{(W_h \cdot S) \cdot h^3}{3 \cdot E_g \cdot I_{g2}} = 0.853 \text{ in}$
 M_{g2} := (W_h · S) · h + W_v · S · Δ_{g2} = 1902 in-lb
 $f_{g2} := \frac{M_{g2}}{S_{g2}} = 4322 \text{ psi}$

Wind Load:

$W_{WL} := \frac{WL \cdot S}{144} = 0.42 \text{ pli}$
 $M_{g3} := \frac{W_{WL} \cdot h^2}{2} = 301 \text{ in-lb}$
 $\Delta_{g3} := \frac{W_{WL} \cdot h^4}{8 \cdot E_g \cdot I_{g2}} = 0.101 \text{ in}$
 $f_{g3} := \frac{M_{g3}}{S_{g2}} = 684 \text{ psi}$

$\Delta_{all} := \frac{h}{24} + \frac{w}{96} = 1.96 \text{ in}$

GLASS := "OK" if $\frac{\max(f_{g1}, f_{g2})}{F_g} \leq 1 \wedge \frac{f_{g3}}{F_{gw}} \leq 1 \wedge \frac{\max(\Delta_{g1}, \Delta_{g2}, \Delta_{g3})}{\Delta_{all}} \leq 1$
 "FAILS" otherwise



Reactions from Point Load:

V_p := P = 200 lb
 M_p := M_{g1} = 7600 in-lb

Reactions from Wind or Uniform Load:

V_w := max(W_{WL} · h, $\frac{M_{g2}}{h}$) = 50 lb
 M_w := max(M_{g2}, M_{g3}) = 1902 in-lb

GLASS = "OK"

 Template: REI-MC-5737	105 School Creek Trail Luxemburg, WI 54217 Phone: (920) 617-1042 Fax: (920) 617-1100 www.rice-inc.com	Project Description:		Job No:	R16-10-103		
		Morse Industries - Base Shoes		Engineer:	JJW	Sheet No:	2
				Date:	12/28/16	Rev:	
				Chk By:		Date:	

Inputs:

$N := 4$ (Number of Fasteners Effective at Ends)
 $t_s := 0.75$ in (Wall Thickness of Shoe)
 $H := 4.25$ in (Height of Base)
 $W := 2.75$ in (Width of Base)
 $w = 36$ in (Minimum Glass Lite Width)
 $C_f := 0.85$ (Crushing Factor Required)

Outputs: (From Previous Sheet)

$V_p = 200$ lb (Shear From Point Load)
 $M_p = 7600$ in-lb (Moment From Point Load)
 $V_w = 50$ lb (Shear From Wind/Uniform Load)
 $M_w = 1902$ in-lb (Moment From Wind/Uniform Load)
 $S = 12$ in (Fastener Spacing)
 $h = 38$ in (Height From Top of Rail to Top of Base)

Calculations:

$M_{tot1} := M_p + V_p \cdot H$ $M_{tot1} = 8450$ in-lb
 $M_{tot2} := M_w + V_w \cdot H$ $M_{tot2} = 2114$ in-lb

Anchors to Concrete:

$M_1 := \frac{M_{tot1}}{N} \cdot 1.6 \cdot (3)$ $M_1 = 10140$ in-lb
 $V_1 := \frac{V_p}{N} \cdot 1.6 \cdot (3)$ $V_1 = 240$ lb
 $M_2 := M_{tot2} \cdot 1.6 \cdot (3)$ $M_2 = 10148$ in-lb
 $V_2 := V_w \cdot 1.6 \cdot (3)$ $V_2 = 240$ lb

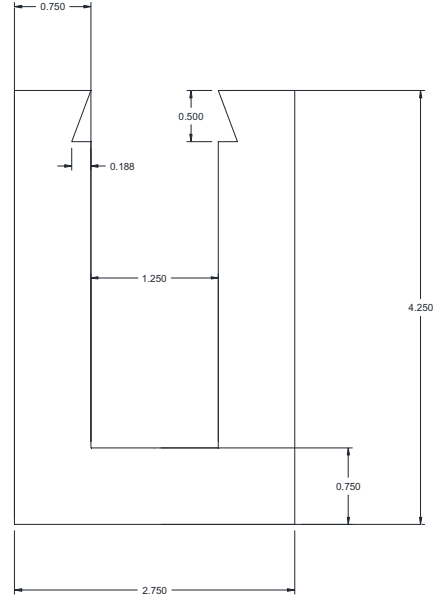
****SEE HILTI PROFIS OR POWERS PDA DATA****

**Use 1/2" Dia. SS Hilti Kwik Bolt TZ or Equal
 300 Series Stainless Steel**

Embedment: 3-5/8" Min.
 Edge Distance: 4"
 2nd Edge Distance: 4"
 Spacing: 12"
 Min. Slab Thickness: 8"
 Concrete Strength: $f'c = 4,000$ psi, Cracked Concrete

****Install per Manufacturer's instructions****

Stand Alone Glass Balustrade (with Base Shoe)	Detail Ref. A42-0091	Sheet No: 2 A
--	-------------------------	------------------



Base Shoe Analysis:

$L_{eff} := \frac{M_{tot1} \cdot 6}{12500 \cdot t_s^2}$ $L_{eff} = 7.21$ in
 $L_{min} := \min(w, h)$ $L_{min} = 36$ in
 $t_{req} := \sqrt{\frac{M_{tot2} \cdot 6}{12500 \cdot S}}$ $t_{req} = 0.29$ in
 $t_s = 0.75$ in

**Use Extruded Aluminum Base Shoe As Shown
 6063-T5 Alloy Minimum**

Anchors to Steel:

$T_1 := \frac{M_{tot1}}{N \cdot W \cdot 0.5 \cdot C_f}$ $T_1 = 1807$ lb
 $V_3 := \frac{V_p}{N}$ $V_3 = 50$ lb
 $T_2 := \frac{M_{tot2}}{W \cdot 0.5 \cdot C_f}$ $T_2 = 1809$ lb
 $V_4 := V_w$ $V_4 = 50$ lb
 $T_{all} := 5676$ $T_{all} = 5676$ lb
 $V_{all} := 2984$ $V_{all} = 2984$ lb
 $I := \left(\frac{\max(V_3, V_4)}{V_{all}} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\max(T_1, T_2)}{T_{all}} \right)^2$ $I = 0.1 < 1.0$

**Use 1/2-13 S.S. Cap Screws @ 12" O.C.
 (300 Series S.S., Cond. CW, $F_y = 65$ ksi)**


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		Morse Industries - Base Shoes		Engineer:	JJW	Sheet No:	2 A
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				Chk By:		Date:	

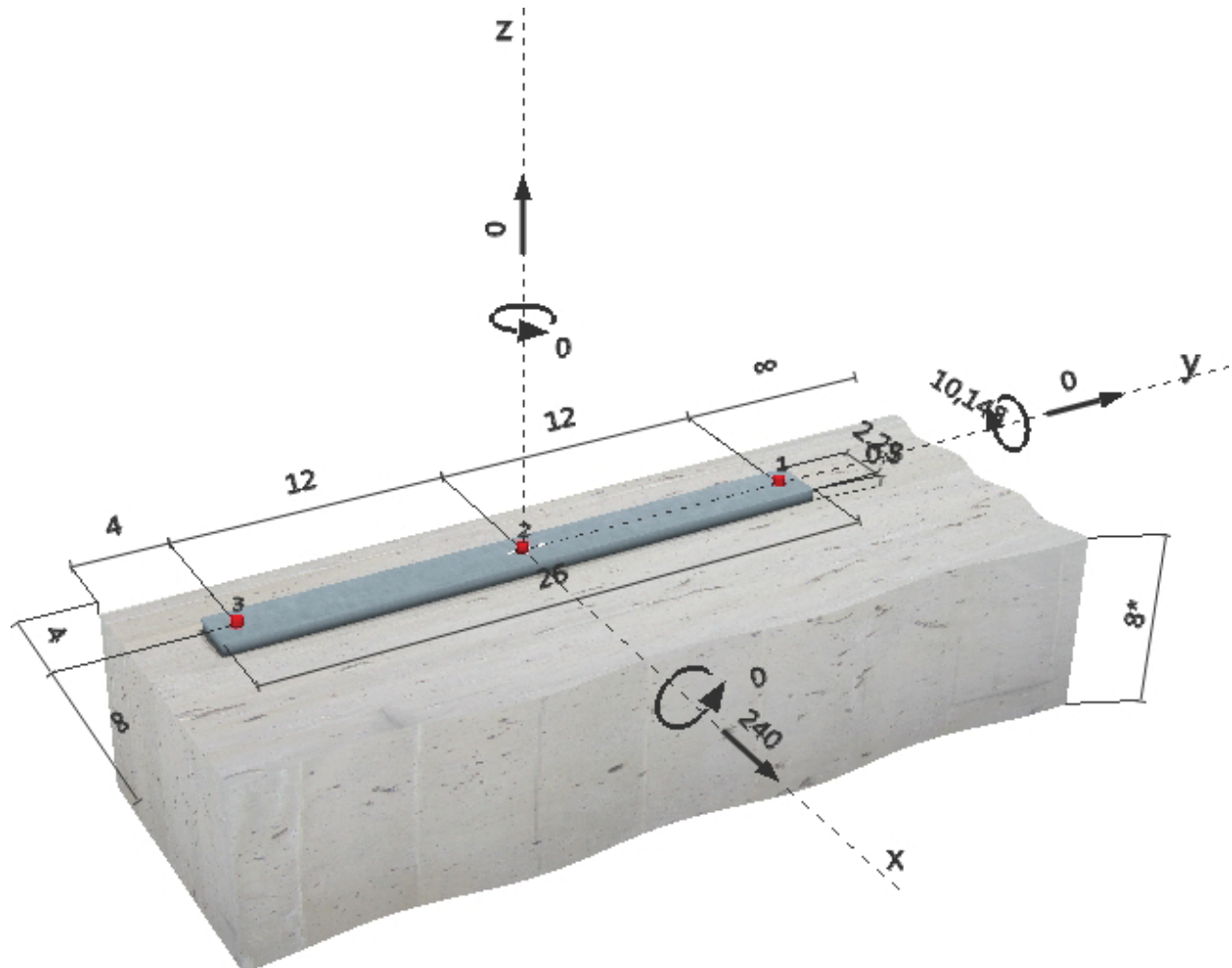
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Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax: |
 E-Mail:

Page: 1
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 2/10/2017

Specifier's comments:
1 Input data

Anchor type and diameter:	Kwik Bolt TZ - SS 316 1/2 (3 1/4)	
Effective embedment depth:	$h_{ef} = 3.250$ in., $h_{nom} = 3.625$ in.	
Material:	AISI 316	
Evaluation Service Report:	ESR-1917	
Issued Valid:	6/1/2016 5/1/2017	
Proof:	Design method ACI 318 / AC193	
Stand-off installation:	$e_o = 0.000$ in. (no stand-off); $t = 0.500$ in.	
Anchor plate:	$l_x \times l_y \times t = 2.230$ in. x 26.000 in. x 0.500 in.; (Recommended plate thickness: not calculated)	
Profile:	no profile	
Base material:	cracked concrete, 4000, $f'_c = 4000$ psi; $h = 8.000$ in.	
Reinforcement:	tension: condition B, shear: condition B; no supplemental splitting reinforcement present edge reinforcement: none or < No. 4 bar	
Seismic loads (cat. C, D, E, or F)	no	

Geometry [in.] & Loading [lb, in.lb]


Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax: |
 E-Mail:

Page: 2
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 2/10/2017

2 Load case/Resulting anchor forces

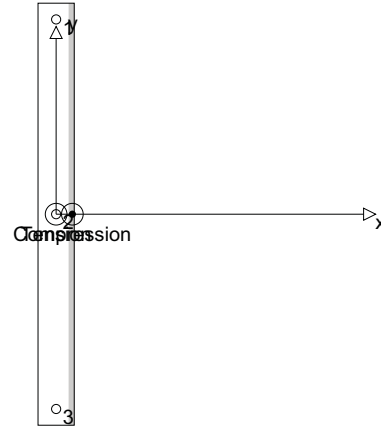
Load case: Design loads

Anchor reactions [lb]

Tension force: (+Tension, -Compression)

Anchor	Tension force	Shear force	Shear force x	Shear force y
1	3383	80	80	0
2	3383	80	80	0
3	3383	80	80	0

max. concrete compressive strain: 0.52 [%]
 max. concrete compressive stress: 2258 [psi]
 resulting tension force in (x/y)=(0.000/0.000): 10150 [lb]
 resulting compression force in (x/y)=(1.000/0.000): 10150 [lb]



3 Tension load

	Load N_{ua} [lb]	Capacity ϕN_n [lb]	Utilization $\beta_n = N_{ua}/\phi N_n$	Status
Steel Strength*	3383	8665	40	OK
Pullout Strength*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Concrete Breakout Strength**	10150	10263	99	OK

* anchor having the highest loading **anchor group (anchors in tension)

3.1 Steel Strength

N_{sa} = ESR value refer to ICC-ES ESR-1917
 $\phi N_{sa} \geq N_{ua}$ ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-1)

Variables

$A_{se,N}$ [in. ²]	f_{uta} [psi]
0.10	115000

Calculations

N_{sa} [lb]
11554

Results

N_{sa} [lb]	ϕ_{steel}	ϕN_{sa} [lb]	N_{ua} [lb]
11554	0.750	8665	3383

Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax: |
 E-Mail:

Page: 3
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 2/10/2017

3.2 Concrete Breakout Strength

$$N_{cbg} = \left(\frac{A_{Nc}}{A_{Nc0}} \right) \psi_{ec,N} \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-5)}$$

$$\phi N_{cbg} \geq N_{ua} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-1)}$$

$$A_{Nc} \text{ see ACI 318-08, Part D.5.2.1, Fig. RD.5.2.1(b)}$$

$$A_{Nc0} = 9 h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-6)}$$

$$\psi_{ec,N} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2 e_N}{3 h_{ef}}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-9)}$$

$$\psi_{ed,N} = 0.7 + 0.3 \left(\frac{C_{a,min}}{1.5 h_{ef}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-11)}$$

$$\psi_{cp,N} = \text{MAX} \left(\frac{C_{a,min}}{C_{ac}}, \frac{1.5 h_{ef}}{C_{ac}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-13)}$$

$$N_b = k_c \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-7)}$$

Variables

h_{ef} [in.]	$e_{c1,N}$ [in.]	$e_{c2,N}$ [in.]	$C_{a,min}$ [in.]	$\psi_{c,N}$
3.250	0.000	0.000	4.000	1.000
C_{ac} [in.]	k_c	λ	f'_c [psi]	
6.000	17	1	4000	

Calculations

A_{Nc} [in. ²]	A_{Nc0} [in. ²]	$\psi_{ec1,N}$	$\psi_{ec2,N}$	$\psi_{ed,N}$	$\psi_{cp,N}$	N_b [lb]
251.83	95.06	1.000	1.000	0.946	1.000	6299

Results

N_{cbg} [lb]	$\phi_{concrete}$	ϕN_{cbg} [lb]	N_{ua} [lb]
15789	0.650	10263	10150

Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax: |
 E-Mail:

Page: 4
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 2/10/2017

4 Shear load

	Load V_{ua} [lb]	Capacity ϕV_n [lb]	Utilization $\beta_v = V_{ua}/\phi V_n$	Status
Steel Strength*	80	4472	2	OK
Steel failure (with lever arm)*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pryout Strength**	240	22105	2	OK
Concrete edge failure in direction y-**	240	4248	6	OK

* anchor having the highest loading **anchor group (relevant anchors)

4.1 Steel Strength

V_{sa} = ESR value refer to ICC-ES ESR-1917
 $\phi V_{steel} \geq V_{ua}$ ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-2)

Variables

$A_{se,V}$ [in. ²]	f_{uta} [psi]
0.10	115000

Calculations

V_{sa} [lb]
6880

Results

V_{sa} [lb]	ϕ_{steel}	ϕV_{sa} [lb]	V_{ua} [lb]
6880	0.650	4472	80

4.2 Pryout Strength

$$V_{cpg} = k_{cp} \left[\left(\frac{A_{Nc}}{A_{Nc0}} \right) \psi_{ec,N} \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b \right] \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-31)}$$

$$\phi V_{cpg} \geq V_{ua} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-2)}$$

A_{Nc} see ACI 318-08, Part D.5.2.1, Fig. RD.5.2.1(b)

$$A_{Nc0} = 9 h_{ef}^2 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-6)}$$

$$\psi_{ec,N} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2 e_N}{3 h_{ef}}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-9)}$$

$$\psi_{ed,N} = 0.7 + 0.3 \left(\frac{C_{a,min}}{1.5 h_{ef}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-11)}$$

$$\psi_{cp,N} = \text{MAX} \left(\frac{C_{a,min}}{C_{ac}}, \frac{1.5 h_{ef}}{C_{ac}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-13)}$$

$$N_b = k_c \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} h_{ef}^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-7)}$$

Variables

k_{cp}	h_{ef} [in.]	$e_{c1,N}$ [in.]	$e_{c2,N}$ [in.]	$C_{a,min}$ [in.]
2	3.250	0.000	0.000	4.000

$\psi_{c,N}$	C_{ac} [in.]	k_c	λ	f'_c [psi]
1.000	6.000	17	1	4000

Calculations

A_{Nc} [in. ²]	A_{Nc0} [in. ²]	$\psi_{ec1,N}$	$\psi_{ec2,N}$	$\psi_{ed,N}$	$\psi_{cp,N}$	N_b [lb]
251.83	95.06	1.000	1.000	0.946	1.000	6299

Results

V_{cpg} [lb]	$\phi_{concrete}$	ϕV_{cpg} [lb]	V_{ua} [lb]
31578	0.700	22105	240

Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax: |
 E-Mail:

Page: 5
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 2/10/2017

4.3 Concrete edge failure in direction y-

$$V_{cbg} = \left(\frac{A_{Vc}}{A_{Vc0}} \right) \Psi_{ec,V} \Psi_{ed,V} \Psi_{c,V} \Psi_{h,V} \Psi_{parallel,V} V_b \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-22)}$$

$$\phi V_{cbg} \geq V_{ua} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-2)}$$

$$A_{Vc} \text{ see ACI 318-08, Part D.6.2.1, Fig. RD.6.2.1(b)}$$

$$A_{Vc0} = 4.5 c_{a1}^2 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-23)}$$

$$\Psi_{ec,V} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{2e_v}{3c_{a1}}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-26)}$$

$$\Psi_{ed,V} = 0.7 + 0.3 \left(\frac{c_{a2}}{1.5c_{a1}} \right) \leq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-28)}$$

$$\Psi_{h,V} = \sqrt{\frac{1.5c_{a1}}{h_a}} \geq 1.0 \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-29)}$$

$$V_b = \left(7 \left(\frac{l_e}{d_a} \right)^{0.2} \sqrt{d_a} \right) \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} c_{a1}^{1.5} \quad \text{ACI 318-08 Eq. (D-24)}$$

Variables

c_{a1} [in.]	c_{a2} [in.]	e_{cV} [in.]	$\Psi_{c,V}$	h_a [in.]
4.000	4.000	0.000	1.000	8.000
l_e [in.]	λ	d_a [in.]	f'_c [psi]	$\Psi_{parallel,V}$
3.250	1.000	0.500	4000	2.000

Calculations

A_{Vc} [in. ²]	A_{Vc0} [in. ²]	$\Psi_{ec,V}$	$\Psi_{ed,V}$	$\Psi_{h,V}$	V_b [lb]
60.00	72.00	1.000	1.000	1.000	3642

Results

V_{cbg} [lb]	$\phi_{concrete}$	ϕV_{cbg} [lb]	V_{ua} [lb]
6069	0.700	4248	240

5 Combined tension and shear loads

β_N	β_V	ζ	Utilization $\beta_{N,V}$ [%]	Status
0.989	0.056	1.000	88	OK

$$\beta_{NV} = (\beta_N + \beta_V) / 1.2 \leq 1$$

6 Warnings

- Load re-distributions on the anchors due to elastic deformations of the anchor plate are not considered. The anchor plate is assumed to be sufficiently stiff, in order not to be deformed when subjected to the loading! Input data and results must be checked for agreement with the existing conditions and for plausibility!
- Condition A applies when supplementary reinforcement is used. The Φ factor is increased for non-steel Design Strengths except Pullout Strength and Pryout strength. Condition B applies when supplementary reinforcement is not used and for Pullout Strength and Pryout Strength. Refer to your local standard.
- Refer to the manufacturer's product literature for cleaning and installation instructions.
- Checking the transfer of loads into the base material and the shear resistance are required in accordance with ACI 318 or the relevant standard!

Fastening meets the design criteria!

Company:
 Specifier:
 Address:
 Phone | Fax: |
 E-Mail:

Page: 6
 Project:
 Sub-Project | Pos. No.:
 Date: 2/10/2017

7 Installation data

Anchor plate, steel: -
 Profile: no profile
 Hole diameter in the fixture: $d_f = 0.563$ in.
 Plate thickness (input): 0.500 in.
 Recommended plate thickness: not calculated
 Drilling method: Hammer drilled
 Cleaning: Manual cleaning of the drilled hole according to instructions for use is required.

Anchor type and diameter: Kwik Bolt TZ - SS 316 1/2 (3 1/4)
 Installation torque: 480.001 in.lb
 Hole diameter in the base material: 0.500 in.
 Hole depth in the base material: 4.000 in.
 Minimum thickness of the base material: 8.000 in.

7.1 Recommended accessories

Drilling

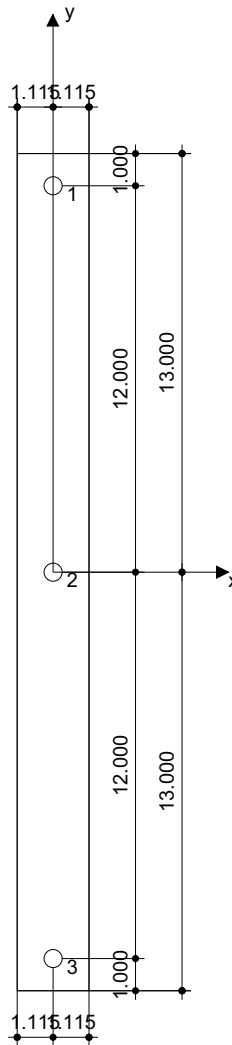
- Suitable Rotary Hammer
- Properly sized drill bit

Cleaning

- Manual blow-out pump

Setting

- Torque wrench
- Hammer



Coordinates Anchor in.

Anchor	x	y	C-x	C+x	C-y	C+y
1	0.000	12.000	4.000	-	28.000	-
2	0.000	0.000	4.000	-	16.000	-
3	0.000	-12.000	4.000	-	4.000	-

Company:		Page:	7
Specifier:		Project:	
Address:		Sub-Project Pos. No.:	
Phone Fax:		Date:	2/10/2017
E-Mail:			

8 Remarks; Your Cooperation Duties

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